

Navigating Collaboration in the Indian Ocean, Challenges, Opportunities, Initiatives, ...

Summary Navigating Collaboration...

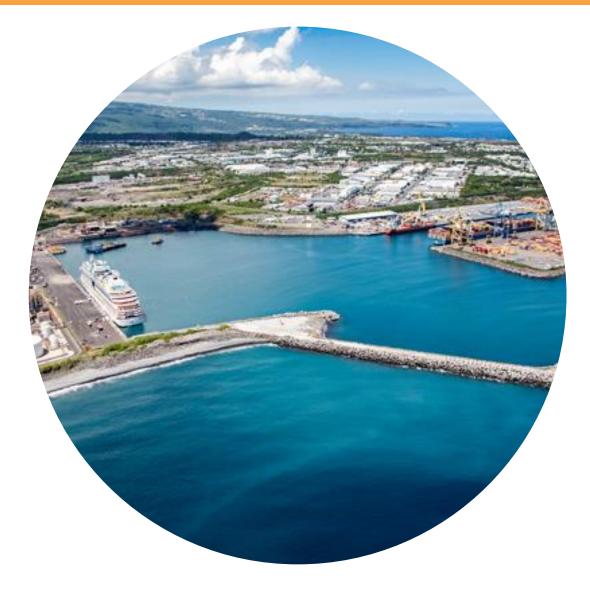
- In the intricate realms of port management
- The Indian Ocean Region poses a wide range of Challenges
- But also a spectrum of Diverse Avenues for Collaborative Endeavors & Cooperation Opportunities
- Initiatives & Organizations in the Region
- Conclusion





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Ports: A complex environment with strong challenges...





Dominant Force in Global Cargo Trade:

. Maritime Transport Dominates 80% of Global Cargo Trade

Occasional Competing Interests arise (container t/s biz mainly)

Climate Change's Impact on Sea Levels: Global warming consequences: anticipated sea level rise of 1.1 to 2 meters by 2100, threatening multiple Ports

Maritime Transport's Carbon Footprint: 3% of Global CO2 emissions, an alarming increase over last 2 decades. IMO ambitions 70% reduction of GHG by 2040, to reach net zero by 2050

Ports: A complex environment with strong challenges...

Port's Ecosystem Involves Surrounding
Population: Pollution, especially near urban
ports

Land-Side Operations Contribute to Pollution: Includes terminal equipment, trucks & vehicles

Ports Face Critical Safety and Security Concerns: Impact passengers, ships, and cargo

Ports have to comply with international regulations (ISPS, IMO...)

Shipowners have high expectations linked to ports services: decabonization efforts, competitiveness, quality service



Ports' Focus on Customer Needs: Shipping Lines

Managing Transition to Decarbonization Amids Maritime Industry Dynamics

A dynamic yet complex industry, paved with uncertainy (drop in freight rates...)

Record 7,54 mteus on order book: 57% of which should involve clean energy

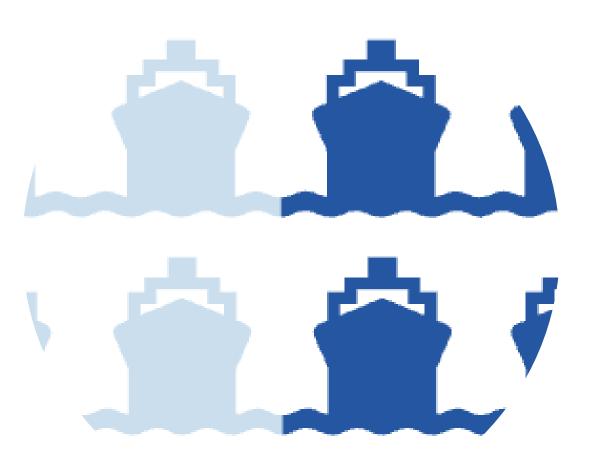
80 new cruise ships being delivered between 2022 and 2028. Industry aiming for 'net-zero carbon' cruising by 2050

Shipowners' expectations from the ports will, consequently, be more robust





Teaming up is the future



Quoting "Intl Chamber of Shipping Chairman, E. Grimaldi" in IAPH newsletter this month:

"Shipping along with its stakeholders recognize that to decarbonize, we cannot work in silos anymore. Decarbonization is a global challenge bigger than any one industry or government, so achieving our goals requires joined up thinking on a global scale"

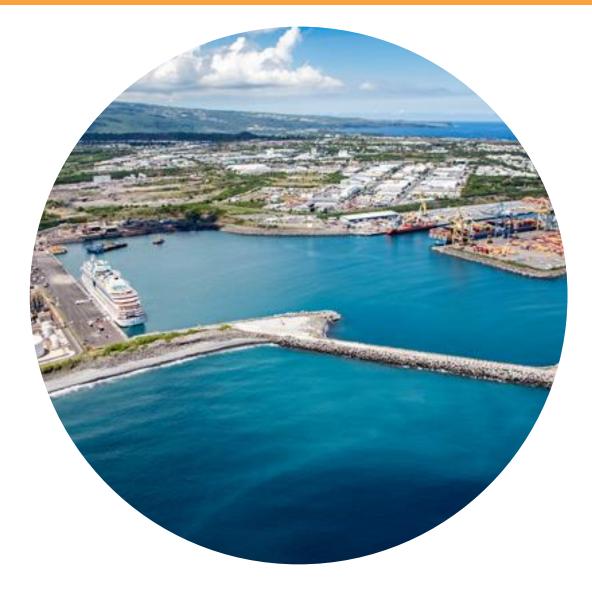
Quoting P. Verhoeven **MD of IAPH** about the next IAPH World Ports Conference to be attended by IMO & ICSC:

"A strong signal to the global business community and regulators that shipping and ports stand together, not just when it comes to decarbonizing the maritime sector, but also in facilitating the transport and distribution of zero-carbon fuels"



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The S-W I.O., a melting pot of diverse activities and challenges

- A large Key maritime trade hub linking Africa, Asia, and the Middle East.
- Geopolitical Significance global powers' interest, influencing security, port development, and trade discussions.
- Maritime Security Challenges drive collaborative efforts (piracy in the past, illegal fishing...)
- Major Ports: Durban, Mombasa, Port Réunion, Port Louis, facilitating global trade, with Shipping Routes that are vital for goods movement with major shipping lines.
 - Transshipment Hubs in some ports boosting trade efficiency.
 - Economic Impact with industry fueling regional economies, generating jobs and revenue.
 - On going infrastructure Investments to meet rising trade demands.
 - Environmental Focus with Emphasis on sustainable practices due to sensitive marine ecosystems.



In terms of business

Port Calls in the Indian Ocean per type

| COUNTRIES | 2020 | 2021 | CONTAINERS | DRY BULK | LIQUID BULK | RO-RO | PASSENGERS |
|--------------|------|------|------------|----------|-------------|-------|------------|
| | | | | | | | |
| Comoros: | 156 | 122 | | 122 | | | |
| Kenya: | 1849 | 1897 | 438 | 1004 | 273 | 182 | |
| Madagascar: | 64 | 719 | 140 | 326 | 216 | 37 | |
| Mauritius: | 1005 | 1041 | 405 | 212 | 391 | 33 | |
| Mayotte: | 102 | 88 | | | | | |
| Mozambique | 2019 | 1981 | 330 | 1076 | 397 | 68 | 110 |
| Reunion: | 507 | 484 | | | 52 | 52 | |
| Seychelles: | 301 | 198 | 107 | 91 | | | |
| Somalia: | 651 | 652 | 267 | 301 | 84 | | |
| Tanzania: | 1457 | 1290 | 295 | 497 | 321 | 177 | |
| South Africa | | 7194 | | | | | |



Regional Container Trade (teus) 2021

Comoros: unknown

Kenya: 1.311.000

Madagascar: 199.712 (2019)

Mauritius: 438.078

Mayotte: 80.258

Mozambique: 437.128

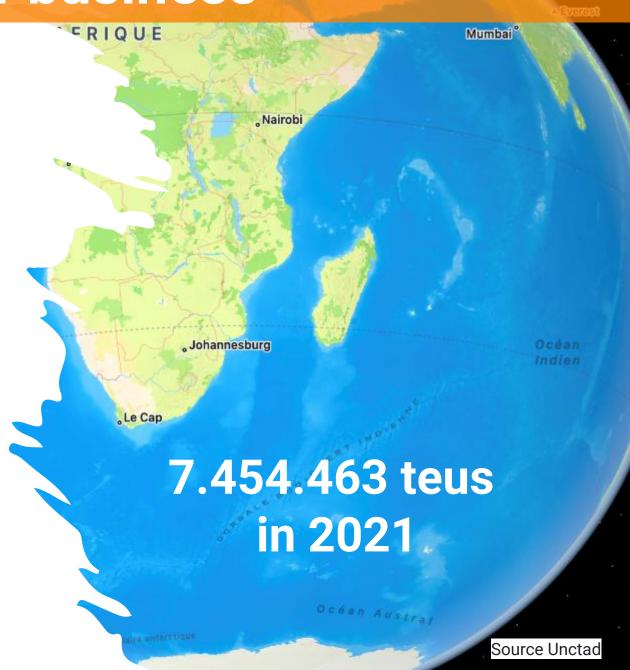
Reunion: 365.975 (372 kteus/22)

Seychelles: 154.423

Somalia: 92.238 (2019)

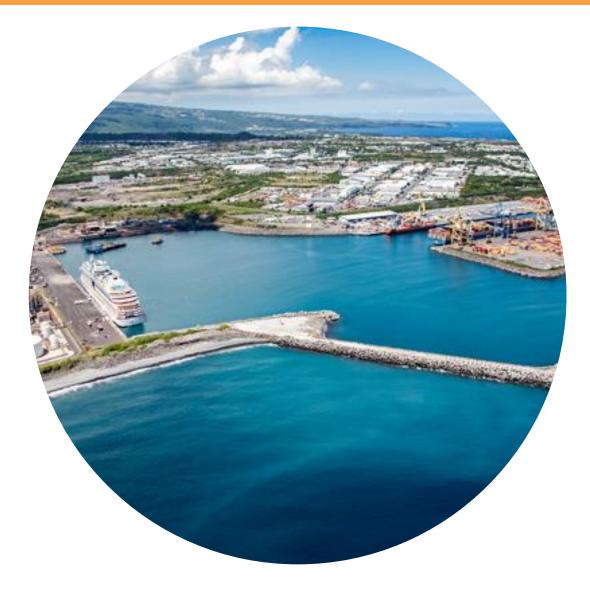
Tanzania: 363.024

South Africa 4.029.000



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Be smart: Cooperate & Share Best Practices



Opportunity?

Ports as Clean Energy Hubs are key battle-fields, essential in the process of energy transition towards cleaner transport



New greener energy powered ships in the future → Any future expectations from ports?

An avenue for future collaboration?

Opportunity?

ON SHORE POWER SUPPLY & COLD IRONING: REDUCE CARBON EMISSIONS

clean energy sourcing with Electricity as OPS: Industrial electricity grid if renewably powered, Solar Energy, Tidal Energy, Hydro Energy (when available),

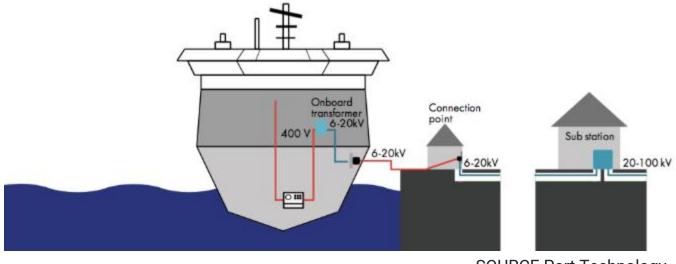
- → Noise reduction
- → Carbon emission reduction for vessel & port environment
- → Improvement of work environment...

But, cost, suitability according to vessel types can be a hindrance

The <u>European Alternative Fuels Observatory defines OPS</u> as:

Ships can shut down their engines while berthed and plug into an onshore power source, the ship's power load is transferred to the onshore power supply without disruption to onboard services.

Emissions to the local surroundings are eliminated.



Opportunity for collaboration?



MSW

An opportunity for cooperation?

Maritime Single Window (MSW) mandatory as from 2024

In 2022, the IMO's Facilitation Committee adopted amendments to the Annex to the Facilitation (FAL) Convention which will make the single window for data exchange mandatory in ports around the world, marking a significant step in the acceleration of digitalization in shipping. The amendments adopted by resolution FAL.14(46) on 13 May 2022 enter into force on 1 January 2024.

The amendments update the provisions of the FAL Convention on mandatory electronic data exchange in ports for ship clearance. The amendments to the annex of the FAL Convention will make it mandatory for public authorities to establish, maintain and use single window (SW) systems for the electronic exchange of information required on arrival, stay and departure of ships in ports.

In addition, public authorities will have to combine or coordinate the electronic transmission of the data to ensure that information is submitted or provided only once and re-used to the maximum extent possible.

Opportunity for collaboration?



Where port cooperation works...

If Adaptation means resilience, flexibility & acceptance of changes, COOPERATION is vital to adapt efficiently!

2 examples:

- → Ports cooperating in the Mediterranean
- → Ports cooperating in the Indian Ocean



Be smart: Cooperate & Share Best Practices

Example 1: The MedPorts Association

An Executive Committee & 6 Technical Committees



Employment, Training, Maritime Expertise

Relations with International Institutions

Safety & Security

Smart Port

Statistics & Marketing Analysis

Sustainability



Be smart: Cooperate & Share Best Practices



Devices | Occasion | Occasion | Occasion |



→ Regional Cooperation (Seychelles & Mozambique)



→ Empowering women in the Indian Ocean Port Industry

Juan de Nova Is. Tromelin Is. Mascarene Islands

Madagascar

Mauritius

Bassas da India Is.

Reunion Is.

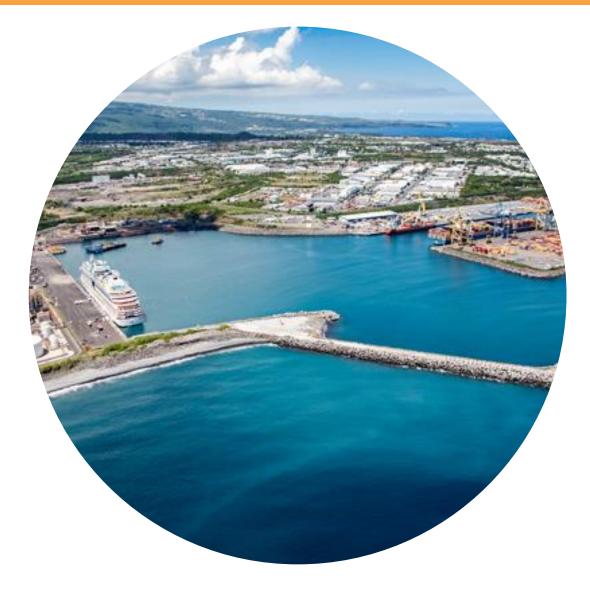
Europe Is.



Indian Ocean

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Major facilitators for trade and cooperation...



The Indian Ocean Commission (IOC), an intergovernmental organization comprising member states such as Comoros, Madagascar, Mauritius, Seychelles, and France. It focuses on promoting sustainable development, maritime security, economic integration, and environmental protection in the Indian Ocean region. The IOC serves as a platform for regional cooperation and prosperity.



APIOI fosters cooperation among Indian Ocean ports and islands, focusing on sustainable development and responsible operations.



PMASEA promotes collaboration among Southeast Asian and Japanese ports, aiming to improve efficiency and competitiveness through knowledge exchange and joint initiatives.



IORA is a regional organization uniting Indian Ocean littoral states, working to enhance economic and maritime connectivity, address maritime issues, and promote international cooperation in the Indian Ocean region

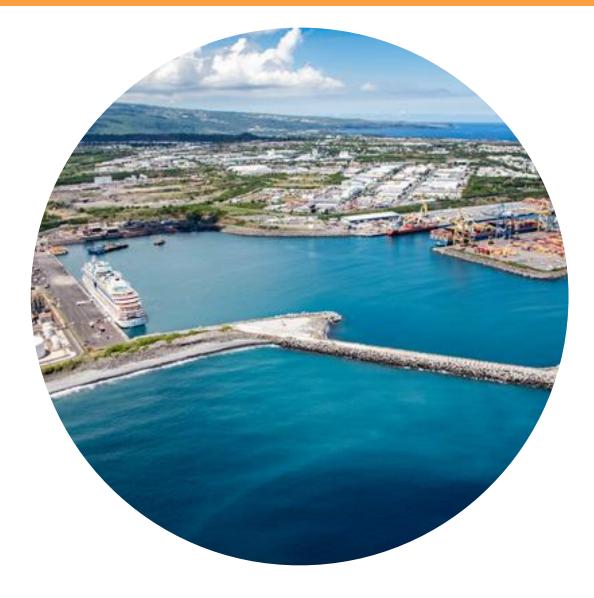


AIVP facilitates global collaboration between cities and port authorities, emphasizing sustainable urban development and integrated port-city relationships to address common challenges and opportunities.



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CONCLUSION

Ports: Epicenters of Global Economic Activities & Diverse Operational Functions:

Maritime sector (ship calls and other maritime services)

Land based activities (stevedoring, container depots, trucking...)

Trains / Barges...

Ensure that activities within the port boundaries are respectful of the environment & find ways to better integrate the port activity in « urban » areas

Manage sensitive issues such as safety & security for passengers and cargo.

Comply with international, national & local regulations

Face daily operational challenges

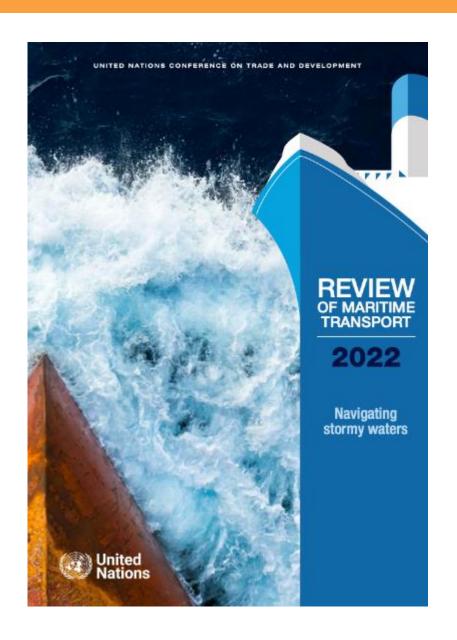
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Efficient Cooperation the way forward to achieve this transition and to maintain local businesses

- → Mutual exchange of information among all participants in the global supply chain is crucial.
- → Sharing of best practices is essential for:
 - Port actors
 - Maritime sector
 - Related service providers
 - Operators of specialized supply chains
 - Public institutions with expertise in the field
 - Government bodies
- → Efficient digitalization is a critical element is ensuring smooth access to real-time data to achieve this

Pic: MGI

CONCLUSION



Rebeca Grynspan - Secretary-General of UNCTAD Review of Maritime Transport 2022

Thus, looking beyond the horizon, the Review points to major challenges, but also opportunities for developing countries.

Extensive data sets and analysis show how decarbonization, digitalization, and market consolidation require novel and collaborative policy responses.



Merci de votre attention

Monica Michel-Brassart

Managing Director & Senior Consultant

